

***** STN Columbus *****
FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:04:25 ON 08 FEB 2006

=> Index biosci
FILE 'DRUGMONOG' ACCESS NOT AUTHORIZED
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SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
0.21	0.21

INDEX 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANASTR, ANTE, AQUALINE, AQUASCI, BIOENG, BIOSIS, BIOTECHAS, BIOTECHDS, BIOTECHNO, CABA, CAPLUS, CEABA-VTB, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DDFR, DGENE, DISSABS, DRUGB, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGU, EMBAL, EMBASE, ...' ENTERED AT 17:04:38 ON 08 FEB 2006

70 FILES IN THE FILE LIST IN STNINDEX

Enter SET DETAIL ON to see search term postings or to view
search error messages that display as 0* with SET DETAIL OFF.

=> s Nod1

1 FILE ADISINSIGHT
18 FILE AGRICOLA
12 FILE BIOENG
130 FILE BIOSIS
10 FILE BIOTECHAS
10 FILE BIOTECHDS
30 FILE BIOTECHNO
38 FILE CABA
127 FILE CAPLUS
2 FILE CONFSCI
1 FILE CROPU
1 FILE DDFR
227 FILE DGENE
3 FILE DISSABS
2 FILE DRUGU
7 FILE EMBAL
82 FILE EMBASE
84 FILE ESBIOBASE
4 FILE FEDRIP
32 FILES SEARCHED...
30 FILE GENBANK
22 FILE IFIPAT
18 FILE JICST-EPULS
54 FILE LIFESCI
71 FILE MEDLINE
42 FILE PASCAL
2 FILE PROMT
117 FILE SCISEARCH
28 FILE TOXCENTER
72 FILE USPATFULL
15 FILE USPAT2
66 FILES SEARCHED...
13 FILE WPIDS
13 FILE WPINDEX

32 FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS, 70 FILES SEARCHED IN STNINDEX

L1 QUE NOD1

=> s l1 and ((muramyl (w) tripeptide or mtp))
UNMATCHED LEFT PARENTHESIS 'AND ((MURAMYL'
The number of right parentheses in a query must be equal to the
number of left parentheses.

=> s l1 and ((muramyl (w) tripeptide or mtp))

1 FILE BIOSIS
1 FILE BIOTECHAS
1 FILE BIOTECHDS
2 FILE CAPLUS
1 FILE DGENE
1 FILE EMBASE
1 FILE ESBIOBASE
30 FILES SEARCHED...

1 FILE IFIPAT
2 FILE MEDLINE
3 FILE SCISEARCH
8 FILE USPATFULL
2 FILE USPAT2
1 FILE WPIDS
68 FILES SEARCHED...

1 FILE WPINDEX

14 FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS, 70 FILES SEARCHED IN STNINDEX

L2 QUE L1 AND ((MURAMYL (W) TRIPEPTIDE OR MTP))

=> file hits
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
3.05	3.26

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 17:07:27 ON 08 FEB 2006
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FILE 'USPAT2' ENTERED AT 17:07:27 ON 08 FEB 2006
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FILE 'IFIPAT' ENTERED AT 17:07:27 ON 08 FEB 2006
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 IFI CLAIMS(R) Patent Services (IFI)

FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 17:07:27 ON 08 FEB 2006
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FILE 'WPINDEX' ACCESS NOT AUTHORIZED

=> 9 12 24 L2

=> dup rem 13
 DUPLICATE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN 'DGENE'.
 ANSWERS FROM THESE FILES WILL BE CONSIDERED UNIQUE
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3
 L4 15 DUP REM L3 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> 14 bib ab 1-15.

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN
 AN 2005:234109 USPATFULL
 TI Human leucine-rich repeat containing protein expressed predominately in
 IN bone marrow, HLRRMT
 Feder, John N., Belle Mead, NJ, UNITED STATES
 Ramanathan, Chandra S., Wallingford, CT, UNITED STATES
 Mintier, Gabriel A., Hightstown, NJ, UNITED STATES
 Bol, David, Langhorne, PA, UNITED STATES
 Hawken, Donald R., Lawrenceville, NJ, UNITED STATES
 PI US 2005203048 A1 20050915
 AI US 2005-107572 A1 20050415 (11)
 RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-183770, filed on 27 Jun 2002, PENDING
 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-28374, filed on 20 Dec 2001,
 ABANDONED
 PRAI US 2000-257773P 20001222 (60)
 DT Utility
 FS APPLICATION
 LREP STEPHEN B. DAVIS, BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY, PATENT DEPARTMENT, P O
 BOX 4000, PRINCETON, NJ, 08543-4000, US
 CLM Number of Claims: 12
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1-13
 DRN 12 Drawing Page(s)
 LN CNT 12533
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
 AB The present invention provides novel polynucleotides encoding HLRRMT
 polypeptides, fragments and homologues thereof. Also provided are
 vectors, host cells, antibodies, and recombinant and synthetic methods

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 15 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on
 STN
 AN 2005:1093479 SCISEARCH
 GA The Genuine Article (R) Number: 978VT
 TI Selective recognition of synthetic lysine and meso-diaminopimelic
 acid-type peptidoglycan fragments by human peptidoglycan recognition
 proteins I alpha and S
 AU Kumar S; Roychowdhury A; Ember B; Wang Q; Guan R J; Mariuzza R A
 (Reprint); Boons G J
 CS Univ Georgia, Complex Carbohydrate Res Ctr, 315 Riverbend Rd, Athens, GA
 30602 USA (Reprint); Univ Georgia, Complex Carbohydrate Res Ctr, Athens,
 GA 30602 USA; Univ Maryland, Inst Biotechnol, Ctr Adv Res Biotechnol, Wm
 Keck Lab Struct Biol, Rockville, MD 20850 USA
 mariuzza@carb.nist.gov; gjboons@ccc.uga.edu
 CYA USA
 SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (4 NOV 2005) VOL. 280, No. 44, pp.
 37005-37012.
 ISSN: 0021-9258.
 PB AMER SOC BIOCHEMISTRY MOLECULAR BIOLOGY INC, 9650 ROCKVILLE PIKE,
 BETHESDA, MD 20814-3996 USA.
 DT Article; Journal
 LA English
 REC Reference Count: 45
 ED Entered STN: 10 Nov 2005
 Last Updated on STN: 10 Nov 2005

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS.
 The interactions of a range of synthetic peptidoglycan derivatives with
 PGRP-I alpha and PGRP-S have been studied in real-time using surface
 plasmon resonance. A dissociation constant of K-D = 62 mu M was obtained
 for the interaction of peptidoglycan recognition protein (PGRP)-I alpha
 with the lysine-containing muramyl pentapeptide (compound 6). The
 normalized data for the lysine-containing muramyl tetra- (compound 5) and
 pentapeptide (compound 6) showed that these compounds have similar
 affinities, whereas a much lower affinity for ***muramyl***
 tripeptide (compound 3) was measured. Similar affinities were
 obtained when the lysine moiety of the muramyl peptides was replaced by
 meso-diaminopimelic acid (DAP). Furthermore, the compounds that contained
 only a stem peptide (pentapeptide, compound 1) and (DAP-PP, compound 2)
 as well as muramyl dipeptide (compound 3) exhibited no binding indicating
 that the muramyl tripeptide (compound 4) is the smallest peptidoglycan
 fragment that can be recognized by PGRP-I alpha. Surprisingly, PGRP-S
 derived significantly higher affinities for the DAP-containing fragments
 to similar lysine-containing derivatives, and the following dissociation
 constants were measured: muramyl pentapeptide-DAP, K-D = 104 nM;
 muramyl tetrapeptide-DAP, 92.4 nM; and muramyl tripeptide-DAP, 326 nM. The
 binding profiles were rationalized by using a recently reported x-ray
 crystal structure of PGRP-I alpha with the lysine-containing
 muramyl tripeptide (4).

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 15 MEDLINE on STN
AN 200556596Z MEDLINE
DN Published ID: 16115863
TI The frameshift mutation in Nod2 results in unresponsiveness not only to
AU Nod2- but also ***Nod1*** -activating peptidoglycan agonists.
Ivo G; Johanno Miquette; Van Der Meer Jos W M; Mengin-Lecreulx Dominique;
Sansonetti Philippe J; Philippot Dana J; Dhancay Sébastien; Girardin
Stephen E
CS Department of Internal Medicine, Radboud University Nijmegen Medical
Center, The Netherlands.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry. (2005 Oct 28) 280 (43) 35859-67.
Electronic Publication: 2005-08-22
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
CY United States
DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LA English
FS Priority Journals
EM 200601
ED Entered STN: 20051025
Last Updated on STN: 20060105
AB NOD2/CARD15 is the first characterized susceptibility gene in Crohn
disease. The Nod2 1007fs (Nod2fs) frameshift mutation is the most
prevalent in Crohn disease patients. Muramyl dipeptide from bacterial
peptidoglycan is the minimal motif detected by Nod2 but not by Nod2fs.
Here we investigated the response of human peripheral blood mononuclear
cells (PBMCs) from Crohn disease patients not only to muramyl dipeptide
but also to several other muramyl peptides. Most unexpectedly, we
observed that patients homozygous for the Nod2fs mutation were totally
unresponsive to MurNAc-L-Ala-D-Glu-meso-diaminopimelic acid (DAP)
(M-Tri(DAP)), the specific agonist of ***Nod1***, and to Gram-negative
bacterial peptidoglycan. In contrast, PBMCs from a patient homozygous for
the Nod2 R702W mutation, also associated with Crohn disease, displayed
normal response to Gram-negative bacterial peptidoglycan. In addition,
the blockade of the ***Nod1*** /M-Tri(DAP) pathway could be partially
overcome by co-stimulation with the Toll-like receptors agonists
lipoteichoic acid or lipopolysaccharide. Investigation into the mechanism
of this finding revealed that Nod2fs did not act as a dominant-negative
molecule for the ***Nod1*** /M-Tri(DAP) pathway, implying that the
blockage is dependent upon the expression or activity of other factors.
We demonstrated that PBMCs from Nod2fs patients express high levels of the
peptidoglycan recognition protein 5, a secreted protein known to interact
with muramyl peptides. We proposed that through a scavenger function,
peptidoglycan recognition protein 5 may dampen M-Tri(DAP)-dependent
responses in Nod2fs patients. Together, our results identified a
cross-talk between the ***Nod1*** and Nod2 pathways and suggested that
down-regulation of ***Nod1*** /M-Tri(DAP) pathway may be associated
with Crohn disease.

CS Univ Georgia, Complex Carbohydrated Res Ctr, 315 Riverbend Rd, Athens, GA
30602 USA [Reprint]; Univ Georgia, Complex Carbohydrated Res Ctr, Athens,
GA 30602 USA
CVA g1boonas@ccrc.uga.edu
SO CHEMBIOCHEM. (NOV 2005) Vol. 6, No. 11, pp. 2088-2097.
ISSN: 1439-4227.
PB WILEY-V C H VERLAG GMBH, PO BOX 10 11 61, D-69451 WEINHEIM, GERMANY.
DT Article; Journal
LA English
REC Reference Count: 58
ED Entered STN: 1 Dec 2005
Last Updated on STN: 1 Dec 2005
AB *ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS.*
The unusual amino acid diaminopimelic acid (DAP) was prepared by cross
metathesis of appropriately protected vinyl glycine and allyl glycine
derivatives. Catalytic hydrogenation of the cross-coupling product
resulted in reduction of the double bond and the removal of protecting
groups. The resulting compounds were appropriately protected for the
polymer-supported and solution-phase synthesis of muramyl tripeptides 2
and 3, which differ in the amidation of the α -carboxylic acids of the
isoglutamine and DAP moieties. Muramyl dipeptide (1, MDP), the
DAP-containing ***muramyl*** tripeptide***, 3, and the
lysine-containing muramyl tripeptides 4 and 5 induced TNF- α gene
expression without TNF- α protein production in a human monocytic cell
line. The observed block in translation could be removed by co-incubation
with LPS, resulting in an apparent synergistic effect. Compound 2 did not
induce TNF- α gene expression, neither did it exhibit a synergistic
effect with LPS; this indicates that amidation of the α -carboxylic acids
of the isoglutamine and DAP moieties results in a loss of biological
activity. It is proposed that amidation of α -carboxylic acids is a
strategy that may be used by pathogens to avoid detection by the innate
immune system. Furthermore, the pattern recognition receptors
Nod1 and Nod2 have been implicated in the possible induction of a
synergistic effect of mucopolysaccharides with LPS.

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 15 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on
STN
AN 2005:849129 SCISEARCH
GA The Genuine Article (R) Number: 9550H
TI NOD-LRR proteins: Role in host-microbial interactions and inflammatory
disease
AU Inohara N (Reprint); Chamalliard M; McDonald C; Nunez G
Univ Michigan, Dept Pathol, Ann Arbor, MI 48109 USA (Reprint); Univ
Michigan, Ctr Comprehensive Canc, Ann Arbor, MI 48109 USA
Inohara N; mathias@umich.edu; mcdonald@umich.edu; bel@umich.edu
CVA USA
SO ANNUAL REVIEW OF BIOCHEMISTRY. (2005) Vol. 74, pp. 355-383.
ISSN: 0066-4154.
PB ANNUAL REVIEWS, 4139 EL CAMINO WAY, PO BOX 10139, PALO ALTO, CA 94303-0139
USA.
DT General Review; Journal
LA English
REC Reference Count: 166
ED Entered STN: 1 Sep 2005
Last Updated on STN: 1 Sep 2005
ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS.

AB Nod2 are cytosolic proteins that contain a nucleotide-binding oligomerization domain (NOD). These proteins include key regulators of apoptosis and pathogen resistance in mammals and plants. A large number of Nod2 contain leucine-rich repeats (LRRs), hence referred to as NOD-LRR proteins. Genetic variation in several NOD-LRR proteins, including human Nod2, Cryopyrin, and C1TA, as well as mouse Nalps5, is associated with inflammatory disease or increased susceptibility to microbial infections. ***Nod1***, Nod2, Cryopyrin, and Ipat have been implicated in protective immune responses against pathogens. Together with Toll-like receptors, ***Nod1*** and Nod2 appear to play important roles in innate and acquired immunity as sensors of bacterial components. Specifically, Nod1 and Nod2 participate in the signaling events triggered by host recognition of specific motifs in bacterial peptidoglycan and, upon activation, induce the production of proinflammatory mediators. Nalps is involved in host resistance to Legionella pneumophila through cell autonomous mechanisms, whereas C1TA plays a critical role in antigen presentation and development of antigen-specific T lymphocytes. Thus, NOD-LRR proteins appear to be involved in a diverse array of processes required for host immune reactions against pathogens.

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN DUPLICATE 2
AN 2004:29866 USPATFULL
TI Method for modulating ***Nod1*** activity, use of a ***MTP*** related molecule for modulating ***Nod1*** activity, and therapeutic applications thereof
IN Girardin, Stephen, Vincennes, FRANCE
Philipott, Dana, Vincennes, FRANCE
Sansoneitl, Philippe, Paris, FRANCE
Bomeca, Ivo, Vitry Sur Seine, FRANCE
PI US 2004:235735 A1 2004:1125 (10)
AI US 2004:808735 A1 2004:0325 (10)
PRAI US 2003:457572P 2003:0327 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP Finnegan Henderson Farabow Garrett & Dunner, Suite 700, 1300 I Street, N.W., Washington, DC, 20005
CIWN Exemplary Claims: 1
ECL 26 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN LN.CNT 1355
AB CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
A method for modulating Nod1 activity wherein said method comprises the steps of providing cells expressing a functional Nod1; and bringing said cells into contact with a molecule related to compositions comprising a molecule related to ***MTP*** and use of a molecule related to ***MTP*** for modulating inflammation and/or apoptosis

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3
AN 2004:824122 CAPLUS
DN 141:325709
TI A method for modulating ***Nod1*** activity, use of a ***muramyl*** related molecule for modulating ***Nod1*** activity, and therapeutic applications thereof
IN Sansoneitl, Philippe; Girardin, Stephen; Philipott, Dana; Bomeca, Ivo Institut Pasteur, Fr.; Institut National de la Sante et de la Recherche Medicale

SO PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.
DT Patent
LA Patent
EN English
FAN.CNT 1
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 2004:06039 A2 2004:1007 WO 2004:1104 2004:0329
WO 2004:06039 C1 2004:1104
WO 2004:06039 A3 2005:0113
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CE, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TG, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BU, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
US 2004:235735 A1 2004:1125 US 2004:808735 2004:0325
CA 2520662 AA 2004:1007 CA 2004-2520662 2004:0329
EP 1613958 A2 2006:0111 EP 2004-724084 2004:0329
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LT, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LT, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LT, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, PRAI WO 2003-457572P P 2003:0327 2004:0329
WO 2004-1B1318 W 2004:0329

AB The invention discloses a method for modulating ***Nod1*** activity which comprises providing cells expressing a functional ***Nod1*** and bringing the cells into contact with a mol. related to ***MTP***. The invention also discusses the use of a mol. related to ***MTP*** for modulating inflammation and /or apoptosis. The invention further discloses the methods for e.g. detection of peptidoglycan from a Gram-neg. bacteria in a sample.

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2004:334808 USPATFULL
TI Novel human leucine-rich repeat containing protein expressed predominantly in small intestine, HLRSL1
IN Feder, John N., Belle Mead, NJ, UNITED STATES
Ramanathan, Chandra S., Wallingford, CT, UNITED STATES
PI US 2004:265890 A1 2004:1230
AI US 2004:882761 A1 2004:0701 (10)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2001-29347, filed on 20 Dec 2001, PENDING
PRAI US 2000-257774P 2000:1222 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP STEPHEN B. DAVIS, BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY, PATENT DEPARTMENT, P O BOX 4000, PRINCETON, NJ, 08543-4000
CIWN Number of Claims: 10
ECL Exemplary Claims: 1
DRWN 16 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 14389
AB CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
The present invention provides novel polynucleotides encoding HLRSL1

polypeptides, fragments and homologues thereof. Also provided are vectors, host cells, antibodies, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing said polypeptides. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods for applying these novel HLRN11 polypeptides to the diagnosis, treatment, and/or prevention of various diseases and/or disorders related to these polypeptides, particularly gastrointestinal diseases and/or disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of the polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention.

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 15 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN
AN 2005:322248 BIOSIS
DN PREV200510112030

TI Host recognition of peptidoglycan by intracellular receptor ***Nod1***
and Nod2, investigation with synthetic partial structures.

AU Kawasaki, Akiko [Reprint Author]; Imamura, Seichi; Shimoyama, Atsushi;
Inohara, Naohiro; Nunez, Gabriel; Fujimoto, Yukari; Fukase, Koichi;
Kusumoto, Shoichi

CS Osaka Univ, Grad Sch Sci, Dept Chem, Osaka 5600043, Japan
SO Glycobiology, (NOV 2004) Vol. 14, No. 11, pp. 1199-1200.

Meeting Info.: Joint Meeting of the Society-for-Glycobiology/Japanese-
Society-for-Carbohydrate-Research. Honolulu, HI, USA. November 17-20,
2004. Soc Glycobiol, Japanese Soc Carbohydrate Res.
ISSN: 0959-6658.

DT Conference; (Meeting)

LA Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

ED English

Entered STN: 25 Aug 2005
Last Updated on STN: 25 Aug 2005

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:257761 USPATFULL

DUPLICATE 4

TI Novel human leucine-rich repeat containing protein expressed
predominately in bone marrow, HLRN1

IN Feder, John N.; Belle Mead, NJ, UNITED STATES
Ramanathan, Chandra S.; Wallingford, CT, UNITED STATES

PI Minter, Gabriel; Hightstown, NJ, UNITED STATES
US 2003180812 A1 20030925

AI US 6949363 B2 20050927
US 2002-183770 A1 20020627 (10)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-28374, filed on 20 Dec 2001,
PENDING

PRAI US 2000-257773P 20001222 (60)
DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP STEPHEN B. DAVIS, BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY, PATENT DEPARTMENT, P O
BOX 4000, PRINCETON, NJ, 08543-4000

CIAN Number of Claims: 13

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 12 Drawing Page(s)

LN CNT 12615

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides novel polynucleotides encoding HLRN1
polypeptides, fragments and homologues thereof. Also provided are
vectors, host cells, antibodies, and recombinant and synthetic methods
for producing said polypeptides. The invention further relates to
diagnostic and therapeutic methods for applying these novel HLRN1

polypeptides to the diagnosis, treatment, and/or prevention of various
diseases and/or disorders related to these polypeptides, particularly
immune diseases and/or disorders. The invention further relates to
screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of the
polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention.

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:257722 USPATFULL

TI Novel human leucine-rich repeat containing protein expressed
predominately in small intestine, HLRN11

IN Feder, John N.; Belle Mead, NJ, UNITED STATES
Ramanathan, Chandra S.; Wallingford, CT, UNITED STATES

PI Minter, Gabriel A.; Hightstown, NJ, UNITED STATES
US 2003017562 A1 20030123

AI US 6858407 B2 20050222
US 2001-29347 A1 20011220 (10)

PRAI US 2000-257774P 20001222 (60)
DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP STEPHEN B. DAVIS, BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY, PATENT DEPARTMENT, P O
BOX 4000, PRINCETON, NJ, 08543-4000

CIAN Number of Claims: 23

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 9 Drawing Page(s)

LN CNT 14217

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides novel polynucleotides encoding HLRN1
polypeptides, fragments and homologues thereof. Also provided are
vectors, host cells, antibodies, and recombinant and synthetic methods
for producing said polypeptides. The invention further relates to
diagnostic and therapeutic methods for applying these novel HLRN11
polypeptides to the diagnosis, treatment, and/or prevention of various
diseases and/or disorders related to these polypeptides, particularly
gastrointestinal diseases and/or disorders. The invention further
relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of
the polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention.

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:265252 USPATFULL

TI Novel human leucine-rich repeat domain containing protein, HLRNCR-1
Feder, John N.; Belle Mead, NJ, UNITED STATES

IN Ramanathan, Chandra S.; Wallingford, CT, UNITED STATES
Minter, Gabriel; Hightstown, NJ, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003186267 A1 20031002
US 2002-271078 A1 20021011 (10)

PRAI US 2001-328478P 20011011 (60)
DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP STEPHEN B. DAVIS, BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY, PATENT DEPARTMENT, P O
BOX 4000, PRINCETON, NJ, 08543-4000

CIAN Number of Claims: 20

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 14 Drawing Page(s)

LN CNT 14036

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides novel polynucleotides encoding HLRNCR-1
polypeptides, fragments and homologues thereof. Also provided are

vectors, host cells, antibodies, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing said polypeptides. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods for applying these novel HLRBM1 polypeptides to the diagnosis, treatment, and/or prevention of various diseases and/or disorders related to these polypeptides, particularly nervous system diseases and/or disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of the polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention.

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:207348 USPATFULL
TI Novel human leucine-rich repeat containing protein expressed predominantly in bone marrow, HLRBM1
IN Feder, John N., Belle Mead, NJ, UNITED STATES
PI Ramachandran, Chandra S., Wallingford, CT, UNITED STATES
AI US 2003:143706 A1 20030731
AI US 2001-28374 A1 20011220 (10)
PRAI US 2000-25773P 20001222 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP STEPHEN B. DAVIS, BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY, PATENT DEPARTMENT, P O BOX 4000, PRINCETON, NJ, 08543-4000
CLAN Number of Claims: 23
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 11 Drawing Page(s)
LN CNT 13850
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB The present invention provides novel polynucleotides encoding HLRBM1 polypeptides, fragments and homologues thereof. Also provided are vectors, host cells, antibodies, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing said polypeptides. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods for applying these novel HLRBM1 polypeptides to the diagnosis, treatment, and/or prevention of various diseases and/or disorders related to these polypeptides, particularly immune diseases and/or disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of the polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention.
L4 ANSWER 14 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:127127 USPATFULL
TI Novel human leucine-rich repeat containing protein expressed predominantly in nervous system tissues, HLRBM1
IN Feder, John N., Belle Mead, NJ, UNITED STATES
PI Ramachandran, Chandra S., Wallingford, CT, UNITED STATES
AI US 2003:087340 A1 20030508
AI US 2001-28392 A1 20011220 (10)
PRAI US 2001-259479P 20010103 (60)
US 2001-260616P 20010109 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP STEPHEN B. DAVIS, BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY, PATENT DEPARTMENT, P O BOX 4000, PRINCETON, NJ, 08543-4000
CLAN Number of Claims: 23
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 12 Drawing Page(s)

LN CNT 15374

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides novel polynucleotides encoding HLRBM1 polypeptides, fragments and homologues thereof. Also provided are vectors, host cells, antibodies, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing said polypeptides. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods for applying these novel HLRBM1 polypeptides to the diagnosis, treatment, and/or prevention of various diseases and/or disorders related to these polypeptides, particularly nervous system diseases and/or disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of the polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention.

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 15 DGENE COPYRIGHT 2006 The Thomson Corp on STN
AN AD761139 peptide DGENE
TI Modulating ***Nod1*** activity, involves expressing functional ***Nod1*** in eukaryotic cell and contacting cell with molecule related to ***muramy1***
IN Sansonetti P; Girardin S; Philpott D; Boneca I
PA (INSP) INST PASTEUR.
PI WO 2004:086039 A2 20041007 43
AI WO 2004-1B1318 20040329
PRAI US 2003-457572P 20030327
DT Patent
LA English
OS 2004-737364 [72]
DESC ***Nod1*** activity modulation-related peptide. ***Nod1*** activity, which comprises expressing a functional ***Nod1*** in a eukaryotic cell, and contacting the cell with a molecule related to ***muramy1***
tripeptide (***MTP***). The invention may be useful for the production of compounds with an anti-inflammatory, cytoskeletal or antibacterial activity acting as agonists or antagonists of ***Nod1*** protein or a vaccine. The method is useful for modulating bacteria infection. The invention is also useful for increasing in vivo inflammation and/or apoptosis, for enhancing the immune response of a host or as an adjuvant agent in eukaryotes. The present sequence is that of a peptide which was used in the exemplification of the method of the invention.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:04:25 ON 08 FEB 2006)

INDEX 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISINEMS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, ANTE, AQUALINE, AQUASCI, BIOENG, BIOSIS, BIOTCHABS, BIOTCHCHS, BIOTCHCHO, CABA, CAPJUS, CEABA-VTB, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DDFB, DDFU, DGENE, DISSABS, DRUGB, DRUGMONO2, DRUGD, EMBAL, EMBASE, ...' ENTERED AT 17:04:38 ON 08 FEB 2006
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12 FILE BIOENG
130 FILE BIOSIS

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10 FILE BIOTECHDS
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2 FILE CONFSCI
1 FILE CROPU
1 FILE DDFU
227 FILE DGENE
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84 FILE ESBIOBASE
4 FILE FEDRIP
30 FILE GENBANK
22 FILE IFIPAT
18 FILE JICST-EPJUS
54 FILE LIFESCI
71 FILE MEDLINE
42 FILE PASCAL
2 FILE PROMT
117 FILE SCISEARCH
28 FILE TOXCENTER
72 FILE USPATFULL
15 FILE USPAT2
13 FILE WPIDS
13 FILE WPINDEX
QUE NOD1

L1
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1 FILE BIOTECHABS
1 FILE BIOTECHDS
2 FILE CAPLUS
1 FILE DGENE
1 FILE EMBASE
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QUE L1 AND (MURAMYL (W) TRIPEPTIDE OR MTP))
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2006
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L4 15 DUP REM L3 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL

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FULL ESTIMATED COST          ENTRY          SESSION
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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE          ENTRY          TOTAL
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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:54:01 ON 16 FEB 2006

=> index biosci
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AQUASCI, BIOENG, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHNO, CABA, CAPLUS,
CABA-VTB, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DDFU, DGENE, DISSABS, DRUGB,
DRUGMONOG, DRUGU, EMBAL, EMBASE, ...' ENTERED AT 14:54:10 ON 16 FEB 2006

70 FILES IN THE FILE LIST IN STNINDEX

Enter SET DETAIL ON to see search term postings or to view
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=> a muramyl tripeptide
31 FILE ADISCTI
1 FILE ADISINSIGHT
2 FILE ADISNEWS
2 FILE AGRICOLA
1 FILE ANABSTR
14 FILE BIOENG
9 FILES SEARCHED...
223 FILE BIOSIS
6 FILE BIOTECHABS
6 FILE BIOTECHDS
90 FILE BIOTECHNO
17 FILE CABA
183 FILE CAPLUS
3 FILE CIN
9 FILE CONFSCI
19 FILES SEARCHED...
2 FILE DDFU
159 FILE DGENE
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27 FILES SEARCHED...
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25  FILE IFIPAT
3  FILE IMSDRUGENWS
5  FILE IMSRESEARCH
3  FILE JICST-EPLUS
59  FILE LIFESCI
219  FILE MEDLINE
8  FILE NTIS
99  FILE PASCAL
50 FILES SEARCHED...
3  FILE PHAR
1  FILE PHARMATL
12  FILE PHIN
44  FILE PROMT
1  FILE PROUSDDR
58 FILES SEARCHED...
208  FILE SCISEARCH
1  FILE SYNTHLINE
213  FILE TOXCENTER
375  FILE USPATFULL
37  FILE USPAT2
65 FILES SEARCHED...
29  FILE VETU
1  FILE WATER
20  FILE WPIDS
69 FILES SEARCHED...
20  FILE WPINDEX

44 FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS, 70 FILES SEARCHED IN STINDEX
L1  QUE MURAMYL TRIPEPTIDE

=> d rank 11
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without the option is not valid in the current file. Or, first enter the
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option at an arrow prompt in the file.

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F1 375 USPATFULL
F2 223 BIOSIS
F3 220 EMBASE
F4 219 MEDLINE
F5 213 TOXCENTER
F6 208 SCISEARCH
F7 183 CAPLUS
F8 173 DRUGU
F9 159 DDFU
F10 99 PASCAL
F11 90 BIOTECANO
F12 59 LIFESCI
F13 51 ADISCTI
F14 44 PROMT
F15 38 ESIIOBASE
F16 37 USPAT2
F17 29 VETU
F18 25 IFIPAT

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F19 20 WPIDS
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F26 6 BIOTECABS
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F28 5 DISSABS
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F31 3 CIN
F32 3 JICST-EPLUS
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F35 2 AGRICOLA
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F40 1 DGENE
F41 1 PHARMATL
F42 1 PROUSDDR
F43 1 SYNTHLINE
F44 1 WATER

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=> file f1-f22
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2
L3 4 DUP REM L2 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 13 bib ab 1-4

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 4 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN
AN 200508211 EMBASE DUPLICATE 1
TI Synthesis and proinflammatory properties of muramyl tripeptides containing lysine and diaminopimelic acid moieties.
AU Roychoudhury A.; Wolcott M.A.; Boons G.-J.
CS Prof. G.-J. Boons, Complex Carbohydrate Research Center, University of Georgia, 315 Riverbend Road, Athens, GA 30602, United States.
SO glyboon@ccrc.uga.edu
ChemoBioChem, (2005) Vol. 6, No. 11, pp. 2088-2097. .
Refs: 58
ISSN: 1439-4227 CODEN: CBCHFX
CY Germany
DT Journal; Article
FS 030 Microbiology
037 Pharmacology
English
SL Drug Literature Index
ED Entered STN: 20051201
AB Last Updated on STN: 20051201
The unusual amino acid diaminopimelic acid (DAP) was prepared by cross metathesis of appropriately protected vinyl glycine and allyl glycine derivatives. Catalytic hydrogenation of the cross-coupling product resulted in reduction of the double bond and the removal of protecting groups. The resulting compounds were appropriately protected for the polymer-supported and solution-phase synthesis of muramyl tripeptides 2 and 3, which differ in the amidation of the .alpha.-carboxylic acids of the isoglutamine and DAP moieties. Muramyl dipeptide (1, MDP), the DAP-containing ***muramyl*** tripeptide*** 3, and the lysine-containing muramyl tripeptides 4 and 5 induced TNF-.alpha. gene expression without TNF-.alpha. protein production in a human monocytic cell line. The observed block in translation could be removed by co-incubation with LPS, resulting in an apparent synergistic effect. Compound 2 did not induce TNF-.alpha. gene expression, neither did it exhibit a synergistic effect with LPS; this indicates that amidation of the .alpha.-carboxylic acids of the isoglutamine and DAP moieties results in a loss of biological activity. It is proposed that amidation of .alpha.-carboxylic acids is a strategy that may be used by pathogens to avoid detection by the innate immune system. Furthermore, the pattern recognition receptors ***Nod1*** and Nod2 have been implicated in the possible induction of a synergistic effect of mucopeptides with LPS. COPYRIGHT. 2005 Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA.

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2
AN 2004:824122 CAPLUS
DN 141:325709
TI A method for modulating ***Nod1*** activity, use of a ***muramyl***
****tripeptide**** (MTP)-related molecule for modulating ***Nod1***
activity, and therapeutic applications thereof
IN Sansonetti, Philippe; Girardin, Stephen; Philpott, Dana; Boneca, Ivo
PA Institut Pasteur, Fr.; Institut National de la Sante et de la Recherche

Medicate
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.
 CODEN: PIXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN, CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2004086039	A2	20041007	WO 2004-1B1318	20040329
WO 2004086039	C1	20041104		
WO 2004086039	A3	20050113		
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RW: BW, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BU, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2004235735	A1	20041125	US 2004-808735	20040325
CA 2520662	AA	20041007	CA 2004-2520662	20040329
EP 1613958	A2	20060111	EP 2004-724084	20040329
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PRAI US 2003-457572P	P	20030327		
WO 2004-1B1318	W	20040329		

AB The invention discloses a method for modulating Nod1 activity which comprises providing cells expressing a functional Nod1 and bringing the cells into contact with a mol. related to MTP. The invention also discloses the use of a mol. related to MTP for modulating inflammation and/or apoptosis. The invention further discloses the methods for e.g. detection of peptidoglycan from a Gram-neg. bacteria in a sample.

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN
 AN 20041299866 USPATFULL
 TI Method for modulating Nod1 activity, use of a MTP related molecule for modulating Nod1 activity, and therapeutic applications thereof
 IN Girardin, Stephen, Vincennes, FRANCE
 Philpott, Dana, Vincennes, FRANCE
 Sansonetti, Philippe, Paris, FRANCE
 Boneca, Ivo, Vitry Sur Seine, FRANCE
 PI US 2004235735 A1 20041125
 AI US 2004-808735 A1 20040325 (10)
 PRAI US 2003-457572P 20030327 (60)
 DT Utility
 FS APPLICATION
 LREP Finnegan Henderson Farbow Garrett & Dunner, Suite 700, 1300 I Street, N.W., Washington, DC, 20005
 CLAN Number of Claims: 34
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
 DRAW 26 Drawing Page(s)
 LN, CNT 1355
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
 AB A method for modulating Nod 1 activity wherein said method comprises the

steps of providing cells expressing a functional Nod1; and bringing said cells into contact with a molecule related to compositions comprising a molecule related to MTP and use of a molecule related to MTP for modulating inflammation and/or apoptosis

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 4 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2006 The Thomson Corporation on STN
 AN 2005:322248 BIOSIS
 DN PREV200510112030
 TI Host recognition of peptidoglycan by intracellular receptor Nod1 and Nod2, investigation with synthetic partial structures.
 AU Kawasaki, Akiko [Reprint Author]; Inamura, Seichi; Shinozawa, Atsushi; Inohara, Naohiro; Nunez, Gabriel; Fujimoto, Takeru; Fukase, Koichi; Kusumoto, Shoichi
 CS Osaka Univ, Grad Sch Sci, Dept Chem, Osaka 5600043, Japan
 SO Glycobiology, (NOV 2004) Vol. 14, No. 11, pp. 1199-1200.
 Meeting Info.: Joint Meeting of the Society-for-Glycobiology/Japanese-Society-for-Carbohydrate-Research, Honolulu, HI, USA, November 17-20, 2004. Soc Glycobiol; Japanese Soc Carbohydrate Res.
 ISSN: 0959-6658.
 DT Conference; (Meeting)
 TI Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)
 LA English
 ED Entered STN: 25 Aug 2005
 Last Updated on STN: 25 Aug 2005

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FULL ESTIMATED COST	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
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=> a l-ala-d-glu-mesodap

1996569 L

33843 ALA

7840875 D

26646 GLU

L4 0 MESODAP

(L(W)ALA(W)(D)(W)GLU(W)(MESODAP)

=> s dap

248 DAP

=> s ala

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0 l6 (2w) l7 (2w) l5

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:54:01 ON 16 FEB 2006)

INDEX 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, ANTE, AQUALINE,
AQUASCI, BIOENG, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHNO, CABA, CAPLUS,
CEABA-VTB, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DDFB, DDFU, DGENE, DISSABS, DRUGB,
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SEA MURAMYL TRIPEPTIDE

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2 FILE ADISNEWS

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14 FILE BIOENG

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1 FILE WATER

20 FILE WPIDS

20 FILE WPINDEX

QUE MURAMYL TRIPEPTIDE

L1

FILE 'USPATFILL, BIOSIS, EMBASE, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, SCISEARCH, CAPLUS,
DRUGU, PASCAL, BIOTECHNO, LIFESCI, ADISCTI, PROMT, EMBIOBASE, USPAT2,
VETU, IFIPAT, WPIDS, CABA, BIOENG' ENTERED AT 14:58:08 ON 16 FEB 2006

L2 9 S L1 (P) (MODI OR CARD4)

L3 4 DUP REM L2 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:59:49 ON 16 FEB 2006

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L5 248 S DAP

L6 33843 S ALA

L7 26646 S GLU

L8 0 S L6 (2w) L7 (2w) L5

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ENTRY

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TOTAL

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TOTAL

SESSION

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